

**Bayburt University**  
**2017-2018 Fall Semester**  
**Erasmus English Proficiency Exam**

**1. He can't afford \_\_\_\_\_ time or money on that ridiculous project.**

- a) spending
- b) that he spends
- c) to spending
- d) to spend

**2. He \_\_\_\_\_ to phone her all morning but her mobile is switched off.**

- a) is trying
- b) tries
- c) has been trying
- d) would try

**3. Look at the sky! It \_\_\_\_\_ soon.**

- a) 's going to snow
- b) is snowing
- c) snows
- d) has snowed

**4. He usually \_\_\_\_\_ Saturdays off but he \_\_\_\_\_ next Saturday as his company is very busy.**

- a) is having / is working
- b) is having / works
- c) has / is working
- d) has / work

**5. He \_\_\_\_\_ on an important email when his computer suddenly \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) works / is crashing
- b) was working / crashed
- c) worked / crashed
- d) has worked / was crashing

**6. When you meet the Queen, you \_\_\_\_\_ certain types of protocol.**

- a) should to observe
- b) must be observed
- c) were observing
- d) have to observe

**7. It's relatively safe to visit that city. \_\_\_\_\_, you should avoid large crowds.**

- a) Despite
- b) In case
- c) Moreover
- d) However

**8. He asked me what time \_\_\_\_\_ because he had a train to catch.**

- a) does the lesson finish
- b) the lesson is finished
- c) the lesson would finish
- d) was the lesson finishing

**9. I am sure that if you \_\_\_\_\_ hard, you'll see the results in one year.**

- a) practise
- b) will practise
- c) practised
- d) would practise

**10. Things seem \_\_\_\_\_ more expensive with each passing week!**

- a) getting
- b) have got
- c) to get
- d) to be got

**11. Since she has been going to college to complete her teacher training, \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) she has a great deal of time to travel
- b) she hasn't had the luxury of reading many novels
- c) she will work as a fashion model in the future
- d) she can't become a teacher unless she pays an additional fee

**12. Though she is in good health at 85 due to her diet and daily exercising, \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) her diet is balanced and her exercises are plentiful
- b) she believes other elderly people in her neighborhood are in much better shape than she is
- c) her doctor says, "You will live to 100"
- d) she does not often have to visit doctors for chronic medical conditions

**13. Despite the superstition among seamen that killing an albatross brings bad luck, \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) the superstition was reflected in a poem by Samuel Taylor Coleridge
- b) seamen once looked at albatrosses with considerable fear
- c) these birds are often hunted by them for their meat
- d) the birds are believed to bring good luck to friendly sailors

**14. She and I had a nice, relaxed conversation \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) by the time I finally arrived for our meeting
- b) as I told her to wake up
- c) since it focused on forbidden subjects
- d) which largely centred on our children

**15. "Kranking" is a new form of exercise you do on a recently developed bike \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) since it has been popular for a long time
- b) that was invented some six decades ago
- c) while it is especially suited for the human body
- d) that has heavy weights to develop muscles

**16. My brother was very surprised**

\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) when he got a message from a long-lost friend
- b) unless he met an old friend one day
- c) if an old friend turns up
- d) how old he himself was

**17. Paul: What \_\_\_\_\_? You are as red as tomato!**

**Susan: Sunbathing in the garden.**

- a) have you been doing
- b) did you do
- c) were you
- d) would you do

**18. The road \_\_\_\_\_ up and she couldn't concentrate because of the noise outside.**

- a) was digging
- b) was being dug
- c) was been dug
- d) has been digging

**19. It's not worth \_\_\_\_\_ him to give us a hand. He never helps anyone!**

- a) to ask
- b) that we are asking
- c) to have asked
- d) asking

**20. He \_\_\_\_\_ for hours so it was time he took a break.**

- a) has been driving
- b) would drive
- c) had been driving
- d) is driving

**For questions 21-25, choose the word or phrase that best completes the following passage.**

On most clear, dark nights you can see a falling star if you keep looking. (21) \_\_\_\_\_ falling stars are actually meteors. They are points of bright light that suddenly (22) \_\_\_\_\_ in the sky, race toward the horizon, and disappear. For a long time, nobody (23) \_\_\_\_\_ what a meteor was. But finally, those who study stars and the sky decided that a meteor is a piece of a comet that exploded long (24) \_\_\_\_\_. Some pieces are (25) \_\_\_\_\_ moving about the universe in paths that follow the original comet's orbit.

**21.**

- a) This                      b) These
- c) What                     d) That

**22.**

- a) appear                  b) discover
- c) confer                  d) illustrate

**23.**

- a) will know              b) should have known
- c) knew                    d) was known

24.

- a) ago            b) over
- c) again         d) during

25.

- a) almost        b) rarely
- c) hardly        d) still

For questions 26-35, complete the second sentence so that the meaning remains the same as the first.

26. They made a mistake when they added up the total.

A mistake \_\_\_\_\_ when they added up the total.

- a) has made
- b) was made
- c) was been made
- d) is made

27. She was angry and put down the phone receiver before he had finished speaking.

She was angry and \_\_\_\_\_ up before he had finished speaking.

- a) hung
- b) got
- c) brought
- d) hold

28. Thieves used force to enter the house while they were away.

Thieves \_\_\_\_\_ into the house while they were away.

- a) have been
- b) were forced
- c) kept
- d) broke

29. "Where are you going to stay when you go to London?" Tom asked her.

Tom asked her where \_\_\_\_\_ to London.

- a) was she going to stay when she went
- b) did she stay when she goes
- c) she was going to stay when she went
- d) you are going to stay when she goes

30. "OK. I'll do it for you" She told him.

She agreed \_\_\_\_\_ for him.

- a) doing it
- b) to do it
- c) that to do it
- d) that she is doing it

31. I am not sure this is my size. Can I put it on to see if it fits?

I am not sure this is my size. Can I try \_\_\_\_\_ to see if it fits?

- a) on it        b) it up
- c) it on        d) out it

**32. The brochures are produced by a printer.**

**A printer \_\_\_\_\_ the brochures.**

- a) produces
- b) is produced
- c) are producing
- d) has been produced

**33. He began driving six hours ago.**

**He \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) has driven since six hours
- b) has been driving for six hours
- c) has been driving for six hours ago
- d) is driving for six hours

**34. The soldiers obeyed the officer's orders.**

**The soldiers \_\_\_\_\_ out the officer's orders.**

- a) put
- b) carried
- c) got
- d) took

**35. Although he had little Money, he offered to pay for her lunch.**

**In spite \_\_\_\_\_ little Money, he offered to pay for her lunch.**

- a) of have
- b) to have
- c) he had
- d) of having

**Answer questions 36-38 according to the passage.**

New Yorkers are often regarded as being unkind. Actually, this is not a fair attitude. They are willing to help people who need help, but experience has taught them a lot of people don't want to be helped. Are New Yorkers less kind people – less caring on the inside – than city dwellers in other places? Not at all. When you talk to them about this, many give good reasons for their reluctance to help strangers. Most have been taught early on that reaching out to people you don't know can be dangerous. To survive in New York, they were taught that they should avoid even the potentially suspicious. Some also express concern that others might not want help, that the stranger, too, might be afraid of outside contact or might feel insulted. Many tell stories of being abused for trying to help. As one woman explains, she saw an elderly man with a walking stick who appeared unable to cross a busy street. When she gently offered to help, he replied angrily, "When I want help, I'll ask for it. Mind your own business." Over and over, New Yorkers say that they care deeply about the needs of strangers, but that the realities of city living prevent them from reaching out. People speak with nostalgia of the past, when they would pick up hitchhikers or arrange a meal for a hungry stranger.

**36. The aim of the passage is to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) show that the people of New York are not basically unkind
- b) explain why people in New York are so kind
- c) to encourage people to be more helpful
- d) help us to understand why the old man in the story was so angry

**37. In the story, a woman offers to help an old man in a kind and friendly way, \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) but he decides not to cross the road
- b) and he accepts her help gratefully
- c) and this surprises him
- d) but he refuses her help in an unpleasant way

**38. We understand from the passage that people who seem to be in need of help \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) are not always ready to receive help
- b) can easily look after themselves
- c) enjoy being helped by strangers
- d) prefer to be helped by a woman than by a man

**Answer questions 39-40 according to the passage.**

When sunlight heats the earth, it also heats the atmosphere. As hot air rises, cooler and heavier air rushes in to fill its place, thus creating wind. For more than 2,000 years, people have captured this energy with windmills and used it to do useful things, such as grinding grain or pumping water. By the late 19th century, windmills were also being used to produce electricity, mostly in rural areas. Compared with traditional windmills, however, modern wind turbines are far more efficient.

**39. The major focus of the passage is on \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) traditional windmills
- b) wind and wind energy
- c) modern wind turbines
- d) the link between hot and cool air

**40. The passage informs us that \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) grain grinding and water pumping are two of the functions of windmills
- b) sunlight heats the atmosphere, not the earth
- c) wind is created when cool air rises and hot air sinks
- d) windmills have always been more decorative than useful

**For questions 41-45, choose the correct Turkish translation of the sentence.**

**41. Between the late 15th and 20th centuries, many European languages were spread to many parts of the world through commerce and travel.**

a) Avrupa dilleri 15. yüzyıldan başlayarak 20. yüzyıla kadar, dünyanın her bölgesine ticaret ve seyahat yoluyla yayılmıştır.

b) Birçok Avrupa dilinin 15. yüzyıl sonlarıyla 20. yüzyıl arasında dünyanın değişik bölgelerine yayılmasının nedeni ticaret ve seyahattir.

c) 15. yüzyılın sonlarıyla 20. yüzyıl arasında yoğun olan ticaret ve seyahat, birçok Avrupa dilinin dünyanın çeşitli bölgelerine yayılmasını sağlamıştır.

d) 15. yüzyılın sonlarıyla 20. yüzyıl arasında, birçok Avrupa dili, dünyanın birçok bölgesine ticaret ve seyahat yoluyla yayılmıştır.

**42. We value all the arts because they enrich and diversify our emotional life.**

a) Duygu yaşamımızın zengin olmasını ve çeşitlilik kazanmasını sağlayan tüm sanatlar bizim için değerlidir.

b) Tüm sanatlara değer vererek duygu yaşamımızın zengin ve çeşitli olmasını sağlarız.

c) Tüm sanatlara değer veririz çünkü duygu yaşamımızı zenginleştirir ve çeşitlendirirler.

d) Duygu yaşamımızın zenginleşmesi ve farklı olması için tüm sanatlara değer veririz.

**43. There are various methods that may be used when analysing a work of art.**

a) Bir sanat eserini çözümlerken kullanılabilecek çeşitli yöntemler vardır.

b) Bir sanat eserini çözümlerken değişik yöntemleri bir arada kullanabiliriz.

c) Her sanat eseri, çeşitli yöntemlerden biri kullanılarak çözümlenebilir.

d) Bir sanat eserini çözümlerken çeşitli yöntemlerden uygun olanını kullanmalıyız.

**44. Cutting down trees to build houses not only damages the environment, but also threatens human health.**

a) Ev yapmak için ağaçların kesilmesi sağlığı tehdit etmese de çevreye zarar verir.

b) Ev yapmak amacıyla ağaçların kesilmesi çevreye zarar vermekle kalmaz, insan sağlığını da tehdit eder.

c) Çevreye zarar veren ve insan sağlığını tehdit eden nedenlerden biri ağaçların ev yapmak için kesilmesidir.

d) Ağaç kesmek ve beton ev yapmak çevreye en büyük zararı veren etkenlerdir.

**45. No matter how much our level of technology develops, the human race will always be at the mercy of the forces of nature.**

a) İnsan ırkı, sürekli doğa güçlerinin insafına kaldığı için teknoloji düzeyini sürekli geliştirmeye çalışmaktadır.

b) Teknoloji düzeyimiz ne kadar gelişirse gelişsin, insan ırkı daima doğa güçlerinin insafına kalacaktır.

c) İnsan ırkı daima doğa güçlerinin insafına kalacağından, teknoloji düzeyimizin sürekli gelişmekte olması bir anlam taşımaz.

d) Teknoloji düzeyimiz ne kadar gelişirse gelişsin, doğa güçleri insan ırkına hiçbir zaman insaf etmeyecektir.

**For questions 46-50, choose the correct English translation of the sentence.**

**46. İnsanlar, eski çağlardan beri, güneş sisteminde gezegenlerin varlığını bilmekteydiler.**

a) Ever since ancient times, the existence of the planets in the solar system has been clear to everybody.

b) In ancient times, people became aware of the planets in the solar system.

c) People have known of the existence of the planets in the solar system since ancient times.

d) The existence of the planets in the solar system was fully known to the people in ancient times.

**47. Klasik Yunan tragedyalarının konuları, seyircilerin az çok aşına oldukları efsanelere dayanıyordu.**

a) Most classical Greek tragedies were based on legends which the average audience knew and loved.

b) Audiences were usually familiar with the plots of classical Greek tragedies as they knew the legends on which they were based.

c) The plots of classical Greek tragedies were based on legends with which audiences were more or less familiar.

d) Audiences could follow the plots of classical Greek tragedies since they were generally based on well-known legends.

**48. Bazı çocuklar televizyon izlemeye o kadar düşkün oluyorlar ki bu yüzden okul ödevlerini bile ihmal ediyorlar.**

a) Watching television too much prevents some children from dealing with their schoolwork adequately.

b) Some children are so fond of television viewing that they even neglect their school assignments because of it.

c) Because some children spend too much time watching television, they can hardly find time to do their homework.

d) Television viewing has such a strong influence over some children that it even interferes with their school assignments.

**49. Japonya'da gelecek otuz yılda nüfus azalırken daha fazla robota gereksinim duyulacaktır.**

a) More robots are going to be needed in Japan as the population decreases over the next thirty years.

b) As the population of Japan is expected to decrease over the next thirty years, robots will become even more necessary.

c) The decrease in the population of Japan over these thirty years has added to the importance of robots there.

d) Since the population of Japan is likely to decrease over the coming thirty years, the need for robots will increase.

**50. Biyolojinin temel bir kavramı olan evrim, zaman içinde meydana gelen genetik değişiklikler olarak tanımlanabilir.**

a) Genetic changes, occurring over long periods of time, are central to evolution and an important aspect of biology.

b) Evolution is an important concern in biology, but it deals with genetic change over long periods of time.

c) Evolution, which is a fundamental concept of biology, can be defined as genetic changes occurring over time.

d) Evolution, or genetic change over time, is basic to all biological studies.



1. D
2. C
3. A
4. C
5. B
6. D
7. D
8. C
9. A
10. C
11. B
12. B
13. C
14. D
15. D
16. A
17. A
18. B
19. D
20. C
21. B
22. A
23. C
24. A
25. D

26. B
27. A
28. D
29. C
30. B
31. C
32. A
33. B
34. B
35. D
36. A
37. D
38. A
39. B
40. A
41. D
42. C
43. A
44. B
45. B
46. C
47. C
48. B
49. A
50. C